CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY 2018



3 X 660 MW GTPP

NEYVELI UTTAR PRADESH POWER LIMITED

(A JOINT VENTURE OF NLCIL & UPRVUNL)

DISTRICT- GHATAMPUR
UTTAR PRADESH

NEYVELI UTTAR PRADESH POWER LIMITED

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

1.0 Prelude:

Neyveli Uttar Pradesh Power Limited (NUPPL), hereinafter referred as "Company" has been carrying out peripheral developmental activities for betterment of communities in the surrounding villages since inception. The company imbibe Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as one of its core values as reflected in the company's Vision & Mission statements.

Company's Vision -

To emerge as a leading Power Company in the state of Uttar Pradesh and continue to be socially responsive.

Company's Mission -

- i) Strive towards greater cost competitiveness and work towards continued financial strength.
- ii) Continually imbibe best practices from the best Indian and International Organizations and also adopt environment-friendly technologies for power generation;
- iii) Bea preferred Employer by offering attractive avenues of career growth and excellent work environment and by deploying human resources to match International Standards;
- iv) Play an active role in Society and be Sensitive to emerging environmental issues.

Company's Objectives

- 1. To supply power as per committed schedules.
- 2.To ensure optimal utilisation and conservation of resources such as water, fuel and auxiliary power
- 3.To promote new, innovative ideas on Quality and environment and fix benchmarks.
- 4.To ensure optimum utilisation of human resources to encourage innovation and creativity with due emphasis on productivity, discipline, career growth and quality of life of employees.
- 5.To extend Consultancy services to other organizations in such areas where NUPPL has required professional expertise.
- 6.To continue to make efforts towards reclamation of mined out land for afforestation and environment care including rehabilitation of displaced persons as a part of nation building effort.
- 7.To adopt appropriate strategies for all round development of the Company in physical, financial, environmental and societal spheres as a responsible Corporate Citizen.

2.0 CSR Committee:

Company shall constitute a CSR committee of the Board consisting of three or more Directors, out of which at least one Director shall be an Independent Director, if any, or as may be notified by the Government from time to time.

3.0 CSR Fund:

- 3.1 The Board will ensure that company spends in every financial year, at least two percent (or the percentage as may be fixed by Government from time to time) of the average net profit of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years towards CSR activities in pursuance of its Corporate Social Responsibility policy.
- 3.1(a) The Board will ensure that the company spends, 0.4% and 0.08% of capital cost of the project as capital cost during the construction phase of the project and recurring cost per annum till the operation of the plant, respectively towards CSR activities, before the start of commercial operation and/or till earning of revenue from the project, out of the funds of the company, in compliance with the conditions imposed by Environmental Clearance granted by MoEF & CC.
 - 3.2 The stipulated percentage of average net profit is to be spent every year in a manner specified in Section 135 of the Companies Act,2013 and CSR Rules framed there under and further in accordance with the DPE Guidelines.
 - 3.3 The CSR expenditure shall include all expenditure including contribution to corpus, for projects or programs relating to CSR activities approved by the Board on the recommendations of the CSR committee.
 - 3.4 Subject to provisions of sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 the expenditure incurred on CSR projects or programs or activities undertaken in India shall only be considered for the purpose of CSR activities.
 - 3.5 Sustainable development policies shall touch upon social issues such as empowerment of the weaker sections, holistic development of backward regions, improvement of the working conditions of labour, etc. Activities undertaken by companies to address basic issues pertaining to health, nutrition, sanitation and education needs of the impoverished communities, for the promotion of skill development, capacity building and inclusive growth of society, are all sustainability activities.

4.0 Scope of CSR activities and Ratio of CSR spend:

4.1 Company shall give preference to the local areas in selecting the location of CSR activities. The company shall earmark at least 75% of the CSR fund for carrying out Social Responsibility activities, in the local areas.

Local Areas: Areas within the State of the project.

- 4.2 Company may undertake CSR activities of the project anywhere in the country with the remaining 25% CSR fund.
- 4.3 This proportion may vary depending on the directions as may be issued by the Department of Public Enterprises or the Government from time to time.

5.0 CSR activities:

- 5.1 The main focus of CSR activities will be on sustainable development, inclusive growth and to address the basic needs of the deprived in surrounding communities. The philosophy and spirit of CSR shall be consistent with the CSR provisions of the Companies Act 2013, Schedule VII of the Act and CSR Rules there under, the Guidelines and the policy directions issued by the Government from time to time. The version of the Schedule VII of the Act as amended up to 24-10-2014 is placed as Appendix-A.
- 5.2 While selecting CSR activities / projects, it shall be ensured that the activities chosen are relatable to Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5.3 While selecting CSR programs / activities, priority shall be given to the issues which are of foremost concern in the national development agenda, aiming at inclusive growth and sustainable development, like safe drinking water for all, provisions of toilets especially for girls, health and sanitation, education, skill development etc. The main focus will be to address the basic needs of the deprived, under-privileged and weaker sections of society, which comprise of SC, ST, OBC, Minorities, Old aged, Women / Girl children, physically challenged, etc.
- 5.4 The budget allocated for CSR and Sustainability activities / projects planned for each financial year is expected to be spent within that year. If due to some reason, the budget of a year remains unutilized, the same would not lapse. Instead, it would be carried forward to the next year for expenditure on CSR and Sustainability activities, which were planned for implementation in the previous year, but could not be completed due to some reason. The surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities shall not form part of the business profit of Company.

6.0 CSR Base Line Survey / Need Assessment:

- 6.1 Company may get a base line / need assessment survey done prior to the selection of any CSR activity, depending upon the need and significance of such CSR Activity.
- 6.2 Normally the baseline / need assessment survey would be done in consultation with the stakeholders, utilising the spare in-house expertise, resources and capacity.

7.0 CSR Activities Implementation:

- 7.1 CSR activities will be undertaken by the Company as projects or programs or activities (either new or ongoing), excluding activities undertaken in pursuance of its normal course of business.
- 7.2 The Board may decide to undertake the CSR activities recommended by the CSR Committee, through a registered Trust or a registered Society or a Company established under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013, either singly or along with its holding or subsidiary or associate company or along with any other company or holding or subsidiary or associate company of such other company or otherwise:

Provided that-

if such trust, society or company is not established by the company either singly or along with its holding or subsidiary or associate company or along with any other company or holding or subsidiary or associate company of such other company shall have an established track record of three years in undertaking similar programs or projects; the company has specified the project or programs to be undertaken through these entities, the modalities of utilization of funds on such projects and programs and the monitoring and reporting mechanism.

- 7.3 Company may also collaborate with other companies for undertaking projects or programs or CSR in such a manner that the CSR committees of respective companies are in a position to report separately on such projects or programs in accordance with the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014.
- 7.4 The CSR committee shall approve the CSR projects and programs which the company plans to undertake in a year, specifying modalities of execution of such projects or programs and implementation of schedules for the same. However, CEO may accord approval to carry out the CSR Activities which are emergent in nature and the details of such activities shall be put up to the CSR Committee and Board of Directors for ratification. The CSR programs and activities approved by the CSR Committee or by the CEO as the case may be, will be executed through Designated Nodal Officer(s).
- 7.5 The CSR committee shall institute a transparent monitoring mechanism for implementation of the CSR projects or programs or activities undertaken by the company.
- 7.6 The CSR committee shall monitor process of such projects or programs from time to time.
- 7.7 Company will organise regular dialogue and consultation with key stakeholders namely the State / District Administration / Local Bodies and other Agencies concerned to ascertain their views and suggestions regarding the CSR activities and sustainability initiatives undertaken by the company.

- 7.8 To ensure the participation of internal stakeholders, an enterprise-wide institutional arrangement will be made, so that the philosophy and spirit of CSR and Sustainability is imbibed by the employees & those involved in the execution or implementation of the programs & activities. Towards this, Organizational and Collaborative Capacity Building programs & activities such as Awareness Training, Seminars and Workshops on CSR and Sustainability may be arranged for / conducted by the company, through Institutions with established track records of at least three financial years.
- 7.9 This would be pursued on a regular basis or by providing corpus fund for perpetuating such Capacity Building programs & activities, utilizing an amount from the allocated CSR fund within the limits stipulated in the Act, Rules and Guidelines. As per provisions of the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014, Company may build CSR capacities of their own personnel as well as those of their Implementing agencies through Institutions with established track records of at least three financial years but such expenditure, including expenditure on administrative overheads, shall not exceed five percent of total CSR expenditure of the company in one financial year.
- 7.10 CEO is authorized to make minor modification in the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, if any, in the overall interest of the company.

8.0 CSR Impact Assessment:

- 8.1 Company shall get an impact assessment study done by external agencies of the CSR activities / projects undertaken, provided the threshold value of such activity is more than Rs. 8 Crores (Rupees Eight Crores Only).
- 9.0 Ownership of Assets created in CSR Activities:
- 9.1 The assets and infrastructure developed / created through CSR fund at locations not being the premises under the control and management of the company will be entrusted to the concerned authorities / stakeholders.

10.0 CSR Reporting

10.1 A brief outline of company's CSR Policy including overview of the projects or programs proposed to be undertaken / under completion / completed during the financial year shall be included in the Director's Report, as per the format prescribed under the CSR Rules.

11.0 Display of CSR Activities on website:

11.1 The approved CSR Policy of the company shall be displayed on the company's website, if any as per the particulars specified in the Annexure to the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014.

APPENDIX - A The Companies Act 2013

The version of the Schedule VII of the Act as amended up to 24-10-2014

i. Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition

Promoting health care including preventive health care and sanitation, including contribution to the Swatch Bharat Kosh set up by the Central Government for promotion of sanitation.

Making available safe drinking water

ii. Promoting education including special education

Employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled

Livelihood enhancement projects

ill. Promoting gender equality, empowering women

Setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens Measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups

iv. Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance

Protection of flora and fauna

Animal Welfare

Agro-forestry

Conservation of natural resources

Maintaining quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund

set up by the Central Government for the rejuvenation of river Ganga

V. Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art

Setting up public libraries

Promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts

- vi. Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents
- vii.Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympics sports and Olympic sports

- viii. Contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for social-economic development and relief and welfare of the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women.
- ix. Contributions of funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government
- X. Rural development project
- xi. Slum area development (shall mean any area declared as such by the Central Government or any state Government or any other Competent Authority under any law for the time being in force)

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